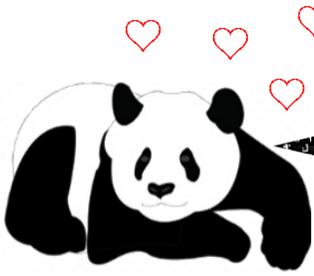
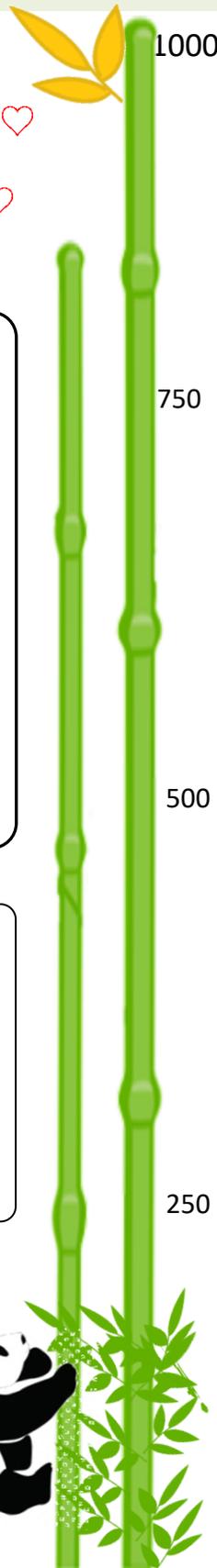


# Prognostic AND Diagnostic Assessment of Shoulder Pain



Thank you for your continued support in identifying potential participant to the PANDA-S study!  
**151** have now been recruited overall!



## PANDA-S: IMPORTANT NOTICES

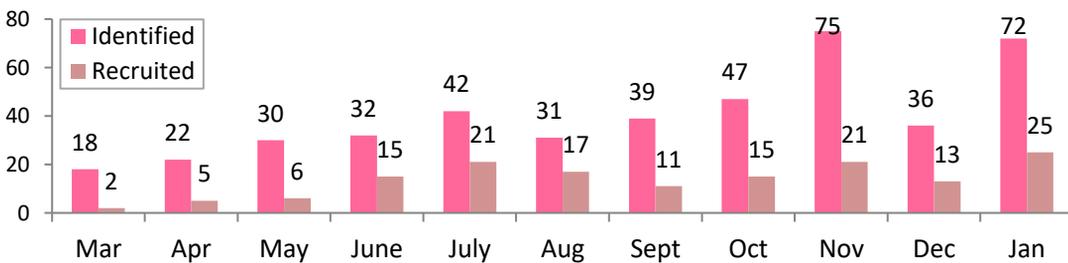
### EMIS CODES

All GP practices have been updated to now all use the SNOMED code picker. Your practice should have also had the pop up trigger code list updated to be only SNOMED codes now. If you do not think this to be the case then please could you let us know so we can facilitate this. If you notice any other anomalies with the pop up then please do let us know as we are aware that the transition from Read to SNOMED has not been problem free.

### MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW

As part of the study we collect participants' consent for medical record review and send the GP a copy of this. We are not yet at a stage in the study where we are requesting this data, so please don't send anything to us yet. Thank you

Total PANDA-S study, number of participants identified and recruited



The practices who identified the most potential participants:  
**Eynsham** and **Woodlands!**

The highest recruiting practices: **Eynsham** and **Trent Vale!**



**Prognostic AND Diagnostic Assessment of S**houlder Pain



**EMIS WEB summary for all sites**

Prognosis - Don't know	4%
Prognosis - No	3%
Prognosis - Yes	5%
Does not meet eligibility criteria	2%
Patient declined	23%
Not clinically relevant	25%
No time	8%
Patient not present	8%
Escaped without using	1%



**WELCOME**

To all our new Oxford practices!!

**Beaumont Street – Temple Cowley – Marcham Road Health Centre – Malthouse Surgery – Clifton Hampden Medical Centre – Abingdon Surgery**

**Ffion's first Valentine's Day and she's proven to be a very popular panda...**



**PANDA-S: Prognosis of shoulder pain in primary care**

- Many people who present in primary care recover quickly, but 40% still report symptoms 6-12 months later
- Outcome varies widely between patients, and we are not very good at predicting who will develop persistent shoulder pain and disability
- PANDA-S investigates a wide range of physical, psychological and social factors to determine which factors can help to identify people from poor prognosis, who may benefit from further treatment

**Want to know more?**

*Tweet us: @keele\_ctu - Call us: 01782 732950*

## Prognostic AND Diagnostic Assessment of Shoulder Pain



### Meet the PANDA-S Team

The PANDA-S team comprises academics and researchers from a variety of backgrounds. Each month we introduce members of the team...

*For the last week, Ffion has been working behind the scenes to find out more about the PANDA-S Statistician, Miriam Hattle, and her role working on the IPD meta-analysis.*

#### **Tell us about your week with Miriam...**

I have had a fantastic week with Miriam learning all about the PANDA-S IPD meta-analysis. I did not realise there were so many datasets that had been provided from research teams across the world, with some datasets from as far as Australia. I even got to meet a Keele squirrel!

#### **Tell us what Miriam is currently working on...**

It is Miriam's job to clean and check the datasets against the original trials' report/paper to verify that the data is useable in the IPD meta-analysis or whether the authors need contacting to clarify the data. As well as the cleaning of datasets she has to harmonise the datasets, so she was showing me this week how she makes each dataset look similar. As far as possible, she renames variables so they are the same across datasets as well as standardising variables so they are all on the same scale. Miriam let me help with her coding for the harmonisation, I'm glad she was there to help.

#### **Could you describe the aim of the IPD meta-analysis?**

The aim of the analysis is to identify individual characteristics that result in a treatment working differently for them compared to someone with a different individual characteristic. This is important work, as this could help identify profiles of patients with shoulder pain that are likely to respond well to particular treatments.

